

研究快报

包括d轨道的NMR化学位移的 INDO/GIAO微扰理论

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本文推广了计算 ^{18}C 化学位移的INDO/GIAO方法^[1], 以进行 ^{15}N 、 ^{17}O 以及过渡元素配合物的 ^{18}C 化学位移计算。通过N、O及Fe的INDO参数的优化选择, 计算的 ^{15}N 、 ^{17}O 以及配合物 $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_6)\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_2\text{CN}$, $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Fe}(\text{COH})_2$ 及 $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{Fe}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_2$ 的 ^{18}C 化学位移符合实验结果, 同时发现计算的原子净电荷 $\rho(\text{M})$ 和 $\sigma^d(\text{M})$ 之间存在良好的线性关系。

关键词: INDO/GIAO ^{13}C 、 ^{15}N 、 ^{17}O 的化学位移 二茂铁衍生物

推广后的Fock矩阵元:

$$F = H + G = (H^r + G^r) + i(H^i + G^i)$$

$$\begin{cases} G_{pp}^r = 2 \sum_{B \in A} R_{BB}^r \gamma_{AB} + 2 \sum_{\lambda} R_{\lambda\lambda}^r \left[(pp | \lambda\lambda) - \frac{1}{2} (p\lambda | p\lambda) \right] \\ G_{pp}^i = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} G_{pq}^r = R_{pq}^r [3(pq | pq) - (pp | qq)] \\ G_{pq}^i = -R_{pq}^i [(pq | pq) - (pp | qq)] \end{cases} \quad (p \neq q, p, q \in A)$$

$$\begin{cases} G_{pq}^r = -R_{pq}^r \cdot \gamma_{AB} \\ G_{pq}^i = R_{pq}^i \cdot \gamma_{AB} \end{cases} \quad (p \in A), q \in B)$$

其中矩阵H保持不变^[1]。公式 $\xi_M' = \xi_M + 0.175\rho(\text{M})$ 是计算 $(\gamma^{-\theta})$ 及 (γ^{-1}) 型积分时采用的推广的slater屏蔽规则, 其中 ξ_M' 及 ξ_M 分别表示修正前后的轨道指数, $\rho(\text{M})$ 是M原子的净电荷。表1列出新的INDO参数, 表2—6是计算的结果, 图1—3描述 $\rho(\text{M})$ 和 $\sigma^d(\text{M})$ 之间的线性关系。

表1 新的 N、O 及 Fe 的 INDO 参数
Table 1 New N, O and Fe INDO Parameters

N(氮)	O(氧)	Fe(铁)		
$(I+A)_s/2 = 23.5$	$(I+A)_s/2 = 29.5$	$\xi_{4s} = 1.3585$	$(I+A)_{4s}/2 = 4.12$	$\beta^{\circ}_{4s} = -12.0$
$(I+A)_p/2 = 10.5$	$(I+A)_p/2 = 15.75$	$\xi_{4p} = 1.1601$	$(I+A)_{4p}/2 = 1.062$	$\beta^{\circ}_{4s} = \beta^{\circ}_{4p}$
$\beta^{\circ} = -22.5$	$\beta^{\circ} = -27.3$	$\xi_{3d} = 3.7266$	$(I+A)_{3d}/2 = 9.5$	$\beta^{\circ}_{3d} = -45.0$

表2 含N、O化合物的¹³C化学位移(ppm)
Table 2 Carbon-13 Chemical Shifts(ppm) of N,O Compounds

compound	$\rho(M)$	$\sigma^d(M)$	$\sigma^p(M)$	$\sigma(M)$	$\delta_{calc.}$	$\delta_{exp.}$
CH ₄	-0.4893	60.73	-54.68	6.05	0.0	0.0
C ¹ H ₃ C ³ N	-0.3404	59.90	-60.91	-1.01	7.06	3.0
	0.1634	56.51	-185.86	-129.34	135.39	120.0
CH ₃ OH	-0.0412	57.97	-70.09	-12.11	18.16	50.0
H ₂ CN	-0.0148	57.79	-180.36	-122.57	128.62	120.0
CO ₂	0.9849	49.21	-216.37	-167.16	173.21	126.0
CO	0.2787	55.83	-286.50	-230.67	236.72	184.0
H ₂ CO	0.2695	55.70	-231.18	-175.48	181.53	197.0

表3 ¹⁵N 的化学位移 (ppm)
Table 3 Nitrogen-15 Chemical Shifts (ppm)

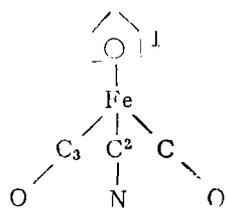
compound	$\rho(M)$	$\sigma^d(M)$	$\sigma^p(M)$	$\sigma(M)$	$\delta_{calc.}$	$\delta_{exp.}$
NH ₃	-0.5974	90.68	-151.28	-60.60	0.0	0.0
CH ₃ NH ₂	-0.4496	89.78	-184.40	-94.62	34.02	5.0
N ₂ H ₄	-0.3680	89.22	-204.12	-114.90	54.30	51.0
C ₄ H ₄ N*H	-0.1907	88.02	-283.79	-195.77	135.18	148.0
C ₂ H ₅ CN	-0.2608	88.41	-382.19	-293.79	233.19	246.0
C ₃ H ₃ N ₃	-0.2841	88.61	-426.68	-338.07	277.47	285.0
C ₅ H ₅ N	-0.2182	88.15	-479.89	-391.73	331.14	320.0
C ₄ H ₄ N ₂	-0.1739	87.84	-478.57	-390.73	330.14	335.0
N ₂	0.0	86.53	-535.96	-449.43	388.83	369.0
C ₂ H ₂ N ₄	-0.0965	87.26	-508.35	-421.08	360.49	388.0

表4 ^{17}O 的化学位移 (ppm)
Table 4 Oxygen-17 Chemical Shifts (ppm)

compound	$\rho(\text{M})$	$\sigma^d(\text{M})$	$\sigma^p(\text{M})$	$\sigma(\text{M})$	δ_{calc}	δ_{exp}
H_2O	-0.7163	126.79	-134.33	-53.04	0.0	0.0
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$	-0.6152	126.09	-241.91	-115.32	57.78	5.0
$\text{CH}_3\text{CO}^2\text{O}^1\text{CH}_3$	O^1 -0.4968	125.24	-328.39	-203.65	145.61	137.3
	O^2 -0.614	126.02	-529.29	-403.26	345.22	360.6
$\text{HCO}^2\text{O}^1\text{CH}_3$	O^1 -0.4688	125.03	-360.15	-235.13	177.09	140.8
	O^2 -0.5506	125.57	-535.12	-459.54	401.05	364.9
H_2O_2	-0.3867	124.35	-381.30	-256.95	198.91	187.0
CO	-0.2656	123.41	-518.59	-395.17	337.13	350.0
$(\text{CH}_3\text{CO}^*)_2\text{O}$	-0.5567	125.62	-545.82	-420.20	352.16	393.0
H_2CO	-0.4343	124.72	-737.01	-612.23	554.24	530~600

表5 $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_2\text{CN}$ 的 ^{13}C 化学位移(ppm)

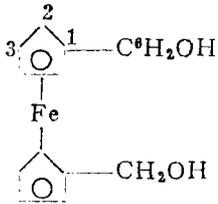
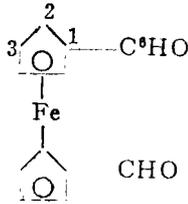
Table 5 Carbon-13 Chemical Shifts (ppm) of $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_2\text{CN}$



	$\rho(\text{M})$	$\sigma^d(\text{M})$	$\sigma^p(\text{M})$	$\sigma(\text{M})$ this paper	σ_{exp} [2]	σ_{td} [2]
$\text{C}^1(\text{CP})$	0.1050	56.93	-121.19	-64.26	-35.9	168.69
$\text{C}^2(\text{CN})$	0.2596	55.78	-213.83	-158.05	-154.7	153.58
$\text{C}^3(\text{CO})$	0.7483	51.69	-286.79	-235.10	-211.1	145.26

表6 (C₅H₄)₂Fe(CH₂OH)₂及(C₅H₄)₂Fe(CHO)₂的¹³C化学位移(ppm)

Table 6 Carbon-13 Chemical Shifts (ppm) of (C₅H₄)₂Fe(CH₂OH)₂ and (C₅H₄)₂Fe(CHO)₂ (ppm)

		$\rho(M)$	$\sigma^d(M)$	$\sigma^p(M)$	$\sigma(M)$	$\sigma_{exp.}^{[3]}$
	C ¹	0.1593	56.52	-128.89	-72.37	-89.26
	C ²	0.0527	57.31	-118.72	-61.41	-66.91
	C ³	0.0377	57.42	-119.29	-61.87	-67.90
	C ⁶	0.1515	56.59	-76.55	-19.96	-60.17
	C ¹	0.1053	56.93	-120.22	-63.30	-80.10
	C ²	0.0707	57.18	-120.31	-63.13	-74.05
	C ³	0.0539	57.30	-119.06	-61.76	-70.75
	C ⁶	0.3598	54.98	-231.66	-176.68	-192.71

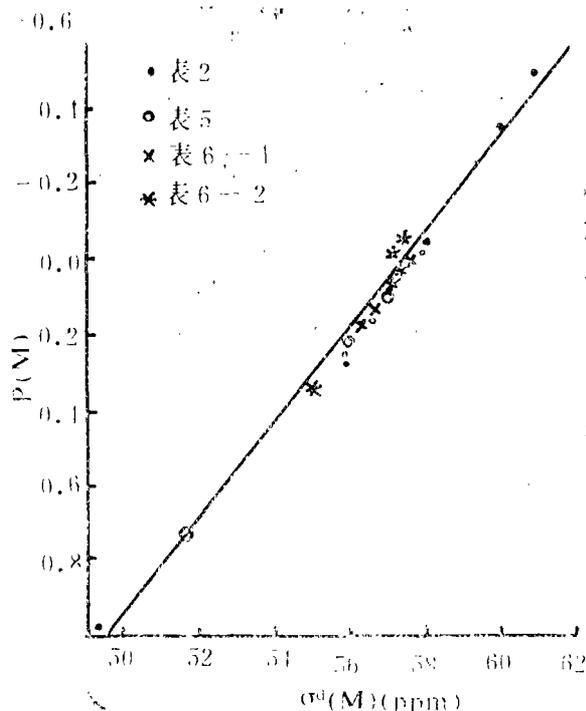
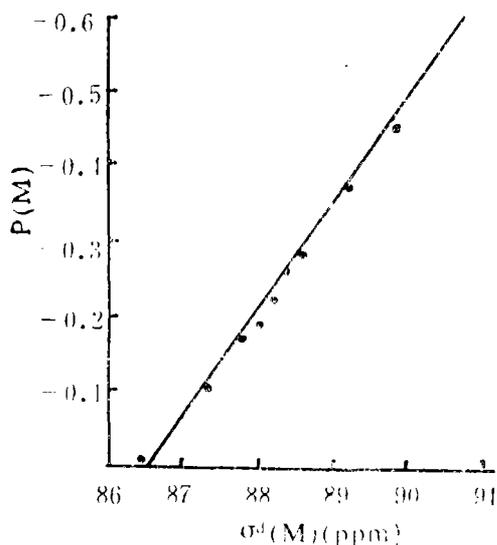
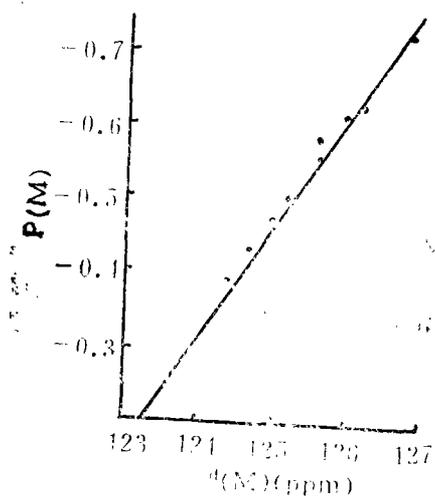


图1 ¹³C $\rho(M)$ 对 $\sigma^d(M)$ 图

Fig.1 $\rho(M)$ of ¹³C versus $\sigma^d(M)$

图2 ^{15}N $\rho(\text{M})$ 对 $\sigma^d(\text{M})$ 图Fig. 2 $\rho(\text{M})$ of ^{15}N versus $\sigma^d(\text{M})$.图3 ^{17}O $\rho(\text{M})$ 对 $\sigma^d(\text{M})$ 图Fig. 3 $\rho(\text{M})$ of ^{17}O versus $\sigma^d(\text{M})$

由表2-4可算出 ^{13}C 、 ^{15}N 及 ^{17}O 化学位移计算值与实验的误差分别为28.71ppm, 16.79ppm及30.34ppm。表5的数据表明 $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_2\text{CN}$ 的 ^{13}C 位移计算值优于相应的 X_α 方法。本方法同时克服了态叠加微扰法^[4-5]对坐标原点的依赖性。

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INDO/GIAO PERTUBATION METHOD OF NMR CHEMICAL SHIFTS INCLUDING *d* ORBITALS

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In this communication, we report the INDO/GIAO perturbation method to calculate ^{15}N , ^{17}O and ^{13}C chemical shifts of metal complexes including *d* orbitals. By reparameterations of N, O and Fe INDO parameters, calculated ^{15}N , ^{17}O and ^{13}C shieldings of $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_2\text{CN}$, $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4)\text{Fe}(\text{COH})_2$ and $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4)\text{Fe}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_2$ are in good agreement with experiments. Moreover, a good linear relationship between net charge $\rho(\text{M})$ and $\sigma^{\text{d}}(\text{M})$ of nuclear M has been shown.

Keywords INDO/GIAO ^{13}C , ^{15}N , ^{17}O chemical shift ferrocene derivative